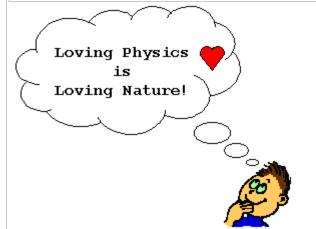
C.E. Physics 1010 Outline & Lesson Plans



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• Day 66

C: Satellite Motion

H: Gravitational Interaction & Satellite Motion W.S.

H: Read & Outline Elliptical Orbit Chapter

E: Elliptical Orbits: (String, pins, paper)

V: Mechanical Universe: Navigating in Space

P: Assign Bottle Rocket Proposal



Day 67

C: Center of Mass

E: Where Is Your Center of Gravity? (Bathroom Scale, Board, 2 triangular files, scrap wood, meter sticks)

D: Teeter Tarter with masses

D: Center of Gravity Toys

T: Gravitation

H: Read Chapter on Center of Gravity and do the R.Q. Day 68

C: Torque

H: Read Chapter on Rotational Motion and do the T.E.

E: Lab With a Twist: What is the relationship between the force applied to a balance and the position of the force to establish equilibrium. (Hook masses, fulcrum, & meter stick)

- C: Rotational Motion (Rotational Inertia, Angular Momentum, etc)
- D: Spinning bicycle wheel
- D: Spinning Person
- D: Gyroscope & top
- V: Mech. Univ.: Cons. of Angular Mom.
- T: Circular Motion
- H: Torque W.S.
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- Day #70
 - C: Work

E: It's All Uphill: What relationship exists between force and distance when moving an object up an incline?

H: Work and Energy W.S.

V: Eureka: Work

- D: I-beam
- D: Bridge work
- T: Center of Gravity



Day 71

C: Potential Energy

E: All Work and No Play: How can you determine the amount of work done when a force acts through a distance? (Cart, inclined plane w/ slot cut in the middle, spring scale, ring stand, right angle clamp, support rod, meter stick, & masses) H: Read Energy Chapter and do the R.Q.

C: Power

E: Work That Body: How much work can the human body do when performing various tasks? (Meter stick, weight machine, climbing ropes, free weights, stairs, etc.)

E: How Fast Can You Work? How can you determine the amount of work you can do in a specific amount of time? (Cylindrical objects w/ various diameters, heavy nylon cord, masses, meter stick, stopwatches, spring scales).

T: Rotational Motion

H: Power Production W.S.

P: Bottle Rocket Proposal Due

Day 73:

C: Energy

D: How Powerful is Wind: Sail Cart on an Incline

E: The Power of Music: (Party Horn, stopwatch, meter stick, 4 meter of clear plastic tube, 10% bleach solution, clear plastic gallon jug,

larger container, 200 ml beaker, wet erase marker)

V: Eureka: Pot. & kin. Energy

H: Cons. of Energy W.S.

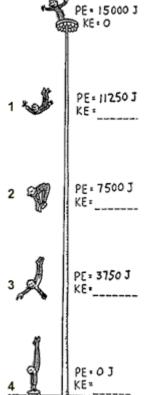
P: Assign groups for Water Rocket



Day 74

- C: Conservation of Energy I
- D: Pendulum
- D: Spring Energy & toys
- D: Perpetual Energy Toys

E: Phooling Around In Physics: What observations, predictions and hypothesis can you make related to the motions and energies associated with movement along a Hot Wheels track? (Hot Wheels track with ramps, cars, assortments of metal spheres, tape)



D: Rolling ball Tracks

D: Roller Coaster



Day 75 E: Bottle Rocket V: Mech. Univ.: Conservation of Energy

Day 76

C: Conservation of Energy II

E: Kinetic Energy On a Hot Wheels Track: How can you find the kinetic energy of a Hot Wheels car as it leaves the launcher?

E: How Hot are Your Hot Wheels? (Hot wheels set with loop-the-loop and ramp, small car, meter stick & timing device)

H: Simple Machine W.S.

V: Eureka: Simple Machines

D: Simple Machines

Day 77 C: Impulse I E: The All-American Egg Drop: How can you protect an egg form breaking on impact of a fall? (Fresh egg, 1m of masking tape, 5 sheets of paper) V: Sport Science: Football H: Textbook: Read the Momentum Chapter and do T.E.

D: Egg and Sheet

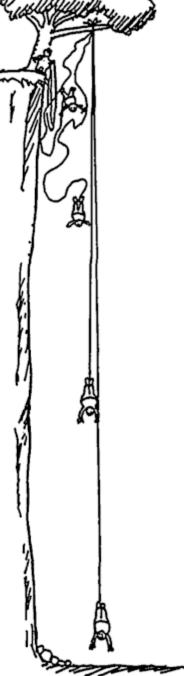
Day 78

C: Impulse II

E: Acting On Impulse: How does the length of a straw affect the impulse and the velocity of a cotton swab if the force on the swab is held constant? (Meter stick, 2 cotton swabs, 2 clear plastic straws, masking tape) V: Mech. Univ.: Conservation of Momentum E: Maxwell's Hammer: How can you determine the impulse force of a hammer acting on a nail? (Meter stick, 1 kg mass, nail, board, hammers for removing nails)

T: Energy H: Momentum W.S.





Day 79 C: Conservation of Linear Momentum

D: Three Stage Human Rocket: (3 human dynamics carts)

E: Spring Into Action: How does momentum before an "explosion" compare to momentum after it? (Two dynamics carts (one with a spring), stopwatch, balance, meterstick)

H: Conservation of Momentum W.S.

Day 80

C: Momentum and Energy

E: Look Out Behind You: How can the conservation of linear momentum be used to find the velocity of a toy car as it leaves a launcher? (2 small toy cars, velcro, launcher, balance, meter stick, stopwatch)

- H: Momentum & Enery W.S.
- D: Ballistics Pendulum
- D: Air Pucks
- D: Air Track
- V: Auto collisions



Day 81

C: Heat and Temperature

E: Give and Take: Can you find a rule to predict the equilibrium temperature when materials at different initial temperatures are combined? (Insulated cups, thermometers, graduated cylinders, balance, source of hot water and cold water, metal pieces)

D: Thermometer

H: Textbook: Read the Temperature & Heat Chapter & do the R.Q.

V: Eureka: Temperature

Day 82

C: Expansion & Contraction

E: Hot Stuff: When matter absorbs energy, an increase in temperature may result. What does the increase in temperature depend on? (Calorimeter, immersion heater,

thermometer, graduated cylinder, balance, water, other materials)

D: Ball and Ring

D: Bimetallic Strip

V: Eureka: Expansion of Solids, Heat vs. Temp.

- H: Read Expansion & Contraction Chapter and do the T.E.
- T: Momentum



C: Heat Transfer

E: The Heat Is On: How can you use the transfer of thermal energy to determine the specific heat capacity of a sold? (Calorimeter, thermometer, water, metal samples, graduated cylinder, balance, ring stand, hot plate, beaker)

- H: End-of-Level Review Sheet
- D: Convection Chimney
- D: Conduction Star
- D: Radiation containers



Day 84 End-of-level Exam

Day 85

Physics Day at Lagoon: Amusement Park

E: Hiding Ice: Does ice produce the same temperature change in warm water as does and equal mass of ice cold water? (Calorimeter, stirring rod, thermometer, ice cubes, cold water, warm water, balance)

H: Read the Phase Change Chapter and do R.Q.

Day 86

C: Phase Changes

E: It's Just a Phase: How much energy is involved in a phase change? (Thermometer, CBL, immersion heater, insulated cups, graduated cylinder, ice cubes, water, BB board) H: Phase Change & Mixture W.S.

E: Hand Textbook in

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C: Thermodynamics I E: No Flame--No Gain? How can heat be produced without a flame? (Large rubber band, block of wood, sandpaper, hammer, large nail) D: Engine Motors E: Down For The Count--Rumford, That is...:In a system where you have an energy transfer, how much of it appears as heat? H: Heat exchange & Thermodynamic W.S.



Day 88 (Last Day)

T: Heat & Temp.

C: Thermodynamics II

E: Heat From Electricity: How does the amount of electrical energy compare to the heat that is produced by immersion heater? (Immersion heater, insulated cup, thermometer, water)

D: We All Scream For Ice Cream...(Ice Cream Maker)



Congratulations......